

Fully 400,000 have died—I mean of the reconcentrados—since January 1, 1897. The official report shows that nearly 80,000 have passed away in Santa Clara province during this period. I was credibly informed today that Marone Garcia, our new autonomist civil governor, admits that 5000 have starved to death in Santo Domingo. I was also told reliably that this same Marone said to a friend three days ago in trying to induce him to accept the mayorality of a certain interior city. If the United States even goes so far as to extend belligerent rights to the Cubans, we must get off the island, for we are lost. The claims sent out to De Lome by Blanco are like Weyler's specifications, solely on paper. As to the deaths in the province, I have reported the official figures with a conservative estimate of those never recorded. I figure that over 100,000 reconcentrados have died of hunger. I am more under than over the mark. However desirous to do so, the Spanish government cannot feed its own soldiers, much less the pacifists. Autonomy! Spain might as well attempt to medal the man in the moon as to have the Cubans at this late date accept any terms retaining them under the Spanish flag."

SPOKE TO THE STUDENTS.

Stirring Address on Cuba at the High School.

Postmaster W. F. Calhoun, in response to an invitation from the pupils, spoke at the High school at 9 o'clock this morning on "Cuba." All the students of the High school were present and Dr. Calhoun's remarks on this intensely interesting subject were enthusiastically received. Dr. Calhoun gave a brief review of the history of Cuba and our relations as a government to the island and applied the views we have hitherto acted upon in all international questions concerning the liberty of the people of the island to the present crisis. He spoke of the refusal of the United States to allow Bolivar to free the Cubans, of our having at three different times denied Spain the request to guarantee to her the possession of the islands, and of how President McKinley had been hampered in his present diplomatic effort by the fact that the United States at one time favored the annexation of the island and that the other nations were under the impression that this might be our object in the position we are now taking. In conclusion Dr. Calhoun emphatically expressed the opinion that Cuba would be free and because of our former position on questions regarding the liberty of the Cubans we were the people to assist them in gaining this freedom. The remarks were greeted by loud and enthusiastic cheers by the students, showing in a unmistakable way the sentiments of the pupils on the subject of Cuba and Cuba's freedom.

Amusement.

Theatergoers will welcome the engagement of Eunice Goodrich and her popular company at the Grand opera house Friday and Saturday, April 15 and 16. This organization still continues to draw large audiences in spite of opposition and hard times. The company has many new features this season, including one of the most perfect moving picture machines, the Vitrescope; also carrying a complete electric outfit for illustrated songs, illustrations, dances, etc. The musical team, Newell and Niblo, late of Hopkins theatre in Chicago and St. Louis, is also with the company. The opening bill will be "Just a Plain American Girl." Admission 10, 20 and 30 cents. School children admitted for 10 cents to any part of the house at Saturday matinee.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props, Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 pounds of rubber is annually used in the manufacture of bicycle tires.

The population of Egypt has increased by 4 per cent in the last 15 years.

In the river Llanco, in Texas, islands of floating sand are sometimes seen.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

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BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Daily Republican.

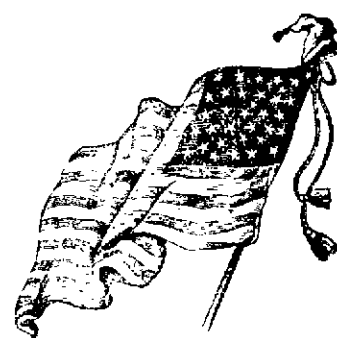
VOL. XXVI. NO. 10.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1898.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

LOOKS LIKE WAR-- CONGRESS TO ACT

Immediate Armed Intervention Seems to be the Plan of Operation.



SENATE AND HOUSE COMMITTEES MEET.

Senator Mason Declares for War on Spain--Republicans Getting in Line to Support the President in His Position "That War in Cuba Must Stop."

The Senate and House Committees.

Washington, D. C., April 12.—The senate committee on foreign relations this morning resumed the task of formulating the Cuban resolution. Many minor differences developed, but they were not such as to dispel hope of final agreement. The committee may await the coming of Gen. Lee before acting.

It seems probable that a majority of the committee may agree on a resolution for armed intervention and a declaration that the people of Cuba, as distinguished from the Cuban republic, "are, and of right ought to be, free." It takes this form there will be a minority from the radical wing.

The senate foreign relations committee, it is understood, has practically decided on a resolution for immediate intervention, requiring the evacuation of Cuba by Spain. At 1 o'clock the committee adjourned until 3:30 to hear General Lee. No vote was reached at the session, but a conclusion was practically reached. It is also understood that there will be indirect recognition of the right of the Cubans to independence.

The House foreign affairs committee met this morning. It soon developed that the Republican members were unable to agree. No resolution is likely today. The Democrats withdrew to allow the Republicans discuss the basis of compromise differences. A caucus of house Republicans to determine the nature of the resolution to be voted on and instructing of members of the committee on those lines is being talked of. Republicans of the house in favor of aggressive action joined the conference movement for that purpose in the meeting this morning.

The committee is unable to agree and will make no report today. The committee has taken a recess until 8 p. m.

The house committee on foreign affairs expects to have General Lee before them this afternoon.

The Republicans of the house foreign affairs committee have not yet agreed. The plan is to try to secure harmonious action in both houses. The house Republican steering committee went into session again at 2:30 p. m.

Democrats Take a Stand.

Washington, April 12.—The Democrats of the house foreign affairs committee have agreed on a resolution for Cuban independence and armed intervention. The Republicans are still divided.

Armed Intervention.

The house Republican steering committee has been authorized to canvas the house on the resolution introduced by Representative Smith of Michigan declaring for immediate armed intervention for the establishment of a stable government in Cuba free and independent. It is thought the foreign affairs committee can agree on this.

Republicans for Immediate Intervention.

The Republicans of the house foreign affairs committee this morning got together on a resolution for immediate intervention to terminate the war in Cuba. It is expected the report will be made tomorrow. The resolution will give the president power to use the army and navy if he thinks a resort to arms is necessary.

Senate and House--Mason for War.

Washington, April 12.—In the senate Lindsey offered a resolution directing the president in the Cuban military operations to act in concert with General Gomez. Senator Mason delivered a speech declaring for war.

Senator Allen of Nebraska introduced a resolution declaring a state of war exists between Spain and the United States and recognizing independence of Cuba.

Senator Pettus of Alabama made an argument regarding the authority to declare to prosecute war.

In the house after a brief reference to Cuba by Representative Bailey of Texas, the District of Columbia bill was taken up.

Cabinet and the President.

Washington, April 12.—No business of consequence was transacted at the cabinet meeting. The administration is pleased at the reception accorded the message throughout the country, and the general tone of newspaper comment.

War May Be Averted.

Washington, April 12.—One of the president's callers this morning says that President McKinley has greater confidence than ever that war will be averted in some way.

Speedy Action for Intervention.

Washington, April 12.—The steering committee of the house Republicans met this morning and adjourned until afternoon to await the action of the foreign affairs committee. They are generally agreed on the point to yield recognition of the existing Cuban government, but favor immediate intervention and a declaration that whatever government is ultimately recognized in Cuba it shall be republican in form and free from the sovereignty of Spain. The Republican congressional sentiment is crystallizing against the recognition of independence, but is favorable to speedy intervention. A Republican member of the foreign affairs committee may have a resolution will be reported by the Republican major-

ity that will follow the desires of the president as expressed in the message, but possibly declaring that speedy action should be taken in view of all the circumstances.

Waiting for Orders.

Secretary Long says that no movement of the fleet is contemplated.

Lee at Washington.

Washington, April 12.—General Lee arrived at 3:30 p. m. Entering a closed carriage he was driven up the avenue, a hundred bicyclists accompanying him.

The carriage belonged to the state department and General Lee was at once driven there, presumably to report and receive instructions. His coming was known and the corridors near the secretary's office were jammed with people who gave three rousing cheers as General Lee appeared. He bowed in recognition and was at once ushered into the secretary's room, while observers reconquered throughout the building and the greatest excitement was manifested. General Lee remained inside only a few minutes. He left with Secretary Sherman and Assistant Secretary Day for the white house. In the meantime the senate foreign relations committee was telephoned to arrange for General Lee's appearance before them. The ovation to General Lee was repeated on the way to the white house. A boy on a bicycle carrying the Cuban flag had preceded the carriage and served to stimulate the enthusiasm along the route. There was a great and enthusiastic crowd at the station when General Lee arrived from the south.

SENATE WAR DECLARATION.

Washington, April 12.—The conclusions of the senate committee on foreign relations, as far as a conclusion has been reached, is to report for the Foraker resolution, with modifications, together with a strong preamble reciting the Maine disaster as cause for the deep resentment of the United States and resolving:

First—That the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent.

Second—That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in character, as to make it the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States hereby does demand, that she at once withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Third—That the president of the United States be and hereby is authorized, empowered and directed to use, if necessary, the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

ACTION CLOSE AT HAND.

Washington, April 12.—When the Republicans of the foreign affairs committee of the house were joined by the Democrats at 3:30, the Republicans were practically agreed upon the form of a resolution, but no vote was taken.

Regular Army Plans.

New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington special says: If Secretary Alger approves, General Miles will concentrate all the regulars east of the Rocky Mountains at Chikamauga this week. General Miles does not advocate calling out the state troops in advance of actual hostilities. If the president is authorized to intervene with force in Cuba, he will notify Spain of the action of congress and deliver an ultimatum demanding the withdrawal of the Spanish troops from Cuba.

Will Attack Havana.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 12.—The Cuban junta has received a letter from General Gomez. He is preparing to co-operate with the United States forces in an attack on Havana.

War Material.

New York, April 12.—The British steamer Europe has brought 20 tons of rapid fire ammunition for the navy.

The torpedo boat destroyer Mayflower left this morning for Newport News to take on torpedoes.

Coming Our Way.

New York, April 12.—The British steamer Taff has arrived from Port Antonio. Captain Canrobert said: "I saw the Spanish fleet at the Canary Islands and they are coming over to smash your crockery."

Bound for New York.

Haliar, N. S., April 12.—The United States cruisers San Francisco and New Orleans sailed this morning for New York.

Steamers Sold to Spain.

New York, April 12.—Monday the Hamburg-American Steamship Co., through its agent, offered to sell to the United States the steamer: Columbia and Normanina. The offer was not accepted. Today the agent was notified that the vessels had been sold to Morse & Co. of London, by whom they were sold to a Spanish company, and they leave today for Cadiz.

Havana in a Stew.

Havana, April 12.—The night was hot, the morning cloudy. The city is full of political rumors, warlike and otherwise.

THE WAR IN CUBA MUST STOP

"In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and the duty to speak and act, the war in Cuba must stop."--President McKinley in his message to congress.

SPANISH OUTRAGES.

Briefs from Consular Reports as to Brutality in Cuba.

Washington, April 12.—On January 8 of the present year General Weyler reported that Captain General Weyler transformed 400,000 self-supporting people, principally women and children, into a multitude. Their homes were burned, their fields destroyed, and their live stock driven away or killed. I estimate that probably 300,000 of the rural population of the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Habana, Matanzas and Santa Clara have died of starvation. In some parts of the island I am told there is scarcely any food for soldiers and citizens and that even cats are used for food, selling for 80 cents apiece.

On December 7 Consul Lee reported: "I see no effect of the governmental distribution to the reconcentrados. Reports from all parts of the province show 50 per cent have died and most of these are women and children."

In his letter of November 23 General Lee said: "If any young girl came in (to Los Focos) who was nice looking she was infallibly condemned to the most abominable of fates."

On November 27 Consul General Lee reported: "In Los Focos (the ditches), in Havana, 400 women and children were thrown on the ground heaped pell-mell as animals, some in a dying condition, others sick, others dead." Deaths averaged 40 or 50 daily, and on the average there were only 10 days of life for each person. No one was given food until after remaining eight days in the ditches. During these eight days they were obliged to subsist on the food which the dying had refused."

In Sagua la Grande Consul Barker reported there are 25,000 starving people. Whole families, without clothing to hide nakedness, are sleeping on the ground without bedding of any kind. Fully 60 per cent are ill without medical attention or medicine.

Consul Brice found in the city of Matanzas a family of 17 in an old limekiln, all dead but three, and these barely alive. Consul Barker of Sagua la Grande reported that the military commander positively refused to allow the reconcentrados to procure fuel with which to cook the food supplied by the United States.

Consul Brice at Matanzas on January 18, 1898, reported that in his district there were 90,000 people in an actual starving condition. In addition, he said, there were thousands of families of the poorer classes living on one meal a day. The daughter of a former governor is begging food on the streets.

In the city of Santa Clara the number of deaths in 1887 was 6981 out of a total population of 14,000.

Consul Hyatt of Santiago de Cuba said: "A census of the island taken today, as compared with the one taken three years ago, I feel confident, would show that two-thirds of the residents are missing, and the Spanish army would make no better showing."

In Sagua la Grande province, according to the advice of Consul Barker sent to the state department on March 24, 1898, within 60 days 90 per cent of the remaining population will reach a state of craving hunger. In this estimate he includes the Spanish soldiers as well as the pacifists and reconcentrados.

In the six principal cities of Sagua la Grande province the death roll from January 1, 1897, to November 15, 1897, was 80,851. This, says Consul Barker, is official, and fully 25 per cent should be added to cover deaths of which no record was kept.

On December 21, 1897, Consul Hyatt reported that in the city of Santiago de Cuba from 30 to 40 per cent of the inhabitants were afflicted with paludal fever. Out of the total of 16,000 soldiers at Manzanillo nearly 5000 were in hospitals. The United States sanitary inspector reported 12,000 people sick in bed.

M'KINLEY TO CONGRESS

"I have exhausted every effort to relieve the intolerable condition of affairs which is at our doors. I am prepared to execute every obligation imposed upon me by the constitution and the laws. I await your action."

GIVEN PROTECTION.

Two Hundred Americans Yet in Havana in a Terrified State.

Havana, April 12.—Yesterday 200 American citizens called at the office of Mr. Gollan, the British consul general, asking protection. All were naturalized citizens of the United States. Consul General Gollan and the vice consul succeeded in calming the terrified people. Nevertheless the position of these refugees is extremely dangerous. A report has been received here, about which nothing is known at the palace, that Russia has advised the queen regent to accept \$250,000,000 indemnity and grant the independence of Cuba.

SPAIN'S NAVAL PLAN.

The Fleet Concentrating for Action in Case of War.

Washington, April 12.—Spain's naval program in case of war has become practically known by the Washington authorities. Some time ago it was reported that Spain would send to the Canaries a large force of troops. Subsequently it became known through certain agencies that she would concentrate in those waters her

most formidable fleet. These reports have been given the most careful attention. It can be stated that confirmation of them has been received. The battleship Pelayo is not yet at the Canaries, and she never started for those waters. When she left Cadiz she went upon her trial trip, which it is reported, was satisfactory. She then returned to Cadiz, and with her went the boats which had accompanied her upon the trial trip. She had no intention of visiting the West Indies, nor is it probable that she will do so. This news has caused some disquiet here, as it is known that the naval force which Spain will concentrate will prove of the most formidable kind, and in view of this fact the utmost haste is necessary to further strengthen the United States navy.

Illinoisians Enlisting.
Springfield, Ill., April 12.—The demand for enlistment blanks from the adjutant general's office has been so great that it was necessary to have 5000 more printed yesterday for immediate use. Aside from this there was little evidence of war in General Hecker's office. No official communications of importance were received. Permission was granted the 4th Division, 2d Battalion, Naval Militia, at Quincy, to leave its station for drill and instruction on water.

Champaign city council has reconsidered its former action and voted to put in three cutways instead of two across the Illinois Central track.

Daily Republican

A. K. HAMMER, W. F. CALHOUN.
HAMMER & CALHOUN, Props.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter
mail, postage paid, one year in advance.
Delivered by carrier to any part of city
For week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance, \$3.00
Postal card requests, or orders through tele-
phone No. 21, will secure early attention of car-
riers in any district.
Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 115
North Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1898.

APRIL—1898.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
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3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

ALDERMANIC ELECTION, APR. 19

First Ward.....Charles F. Shilling
Second Ward.....H. C. Anthony
Third Ward.....Geo. F. DeWitt
Fourth Ward.....Wm. T. Peake
Fifth Ward.....Henry Keas
Sixth Ward.....Jacob Weigand
Seventh Ward.....J. Frank Davis

The Message and Congress.

Possibly the greatest suspense ever en-
dured by the American people has been
experienced in the past week waiting for
the president's message. The American
people are tired of the duplicity, the lying
and the brutality of Spain as to the war
to Cuba. The masses know nothing about
diplomacy, which must be invoked by
the government and care less. They are
governed by their sense of right and
wrong and in this Cuban imbroglio their
sympathies are with the Cubans because
Spain has acted the role of the evildoer
when she has failed in honorable warfare
in a contest with a patriotic army which
she refuses to recognize as a worthy foe,
much less as a belligerent. The masses
of American citizens want the war to stop
and they want Spain driven off the island
and the government of the patriots, who
by their blood have won the title of lib-
erty-loving freemen, to be recognized.
Nothing short of this will satisfy them.
It is on this account that the people were
impatient for the message which they
hope will end diplomacy and further de-
lay and bring Spain to time.

The message has at last been trans-
mitted to congress and while it may not meet
the hopes of a large majority of the peo-
ple because it does not embrace the recog-
nition of the present government, it must
be admitted that there is nothing vague
in the state paper, but that the president,
in a clear and dignified way places his
views before congress and succeeds in
raising a close question as to the feasi-
bility of recognizing the present Cuban gov-
ernment pending armed intervention. The
question which the president presents
is whether the government shall inter-
vene as a neutral power by force to end
the war or by recognizing the independ-
ence of the Cuban government intervene
by force as an ally of the recognized govern-
ment.

The president is clear on the rights of
the government to intervene by force and
in this position there will be none worth
considering who will disagree with the president.

The president has shown in his message
that he is entitled to credit for having
pursued a vigorous policy with Spain
and at the same time as the chief ex-
ecutive of a great nation has kept within
the bounds of courtesy and international law,
and in time this fact will be fully recog-
nized by the people. But whether this
follows or not he was responsible for his
action as chief executive and brought into
his action an honesty of purpose that is
commendable and his course has the ap-
proval of his conscience. He had no pow-
er to declare war on Spain, to attack a
Spanish battleship or bombard a port.
His sphere was to end the war by diplo-
macy, or appeals to Spain, or put the
whole question in shape where this nation
would be justified in intervening by
force and his position all the time has
been that he could recognize no settle-
ment which did not involve the freedom
of Cuba.

His efforts, in his sphere, has failed of
the object and the use of the message was
to say to congress and ask for power to
intervene by force. He tells congress he
is now prepared and ready, as the com-
mander-in-chief of the army and navy, to
execute its orders.

The issue of war is now with congress,
where under the constitution it belongs
and congress will determine whether this
country shall drive the Spanish hordes
out of Cuba at the point of the bayonet
under the smoke of American battleships.
It is to be hoped Spain's last trick, the
cession of hostilities, will be ignored by
congress and that that body will not
quickly and let the line squander and
the South Atlantic squadron lose and
use the judgment as to recognizing the

present government as the president did.
If congress should disagree with the pre-
sident in that respect there will be no con-
flict between it and the executive. He
has only given his views and quoted pre-
cedents. If congress desires a new prece-
dent let it say so quickly, but in any
event we want to begin business early by
the clock.

The responsibilities congress was to
meet have not been shifted from the pre-
sident upon congress. It has reached con-
gress in the way provided by the constitu-
tion. Congress understands the situation
and there is nothing to do now but to act
with vigor, and inside of 48 hours we
shall all see the hollowness of Spain's last
move. We don't want many speeches
now, but a good deal of singing, and the
Republican suggests as the first number:

My country 'tis of thee,
Sweet land of Liberty,
Of thee I sing,
Land where my fathers died,
Land of the Pilgrim's pride,
From every mountain side
Let freedom ring.

For a second number it deems the fol-
lowing appropriate just now:
In the beauty of the hills Christ was born
across the sea,
By the glory in His bosom he transfigures
you and me.
As he died to make men holy, so we die
to make men free,
For God is marching on.

THE LENGTH OF LIFE

INCREASED BY A NEW DIS-
COVERY.

A Remedy Has Been Found that Will
Cure to Stay Cured All Diseases
of the Kidneys.

From among the advancements of
medical science information comes that
a formula has been discovered, that will
cure permanently all kidney diseases
and their resulting complications and
vitiating effects upon the whole human
system.

What makes this news all the more
worthy of attention and thoughtful con-
sideration is the information also re-
ceived that the researches and experi-
ments, which have led up to the discov-
ery of this wonderful boon to mankind,
were entirely original and not at all
upon lines heretofore prescribed by
medical science.

The new remedy, known as Morrow's
Kidneyoids, will, it is claimed, totally
eradicate from the system all diseases
of the kidneys, including Bright's disease
and Diabetes, thus increasing to con-
siderable extent the average length of
life. John Morrow, their discoverer, is
an eminent chemist of Springfield,
Ohio, and his untiring efforts in behalf
of mankind deserve to be rewarded with
every honor that thankful humanity can
bestow.

Morrow's Kidneyoids are composed of
well known remedies the full strength of
which are concentrated in yellow tablet
form, all materials calculated the ac-
tions of the remedial parts and throw
unnecessary waste upon the kidneys, leav-
ing thoroughly eliminated. The sensa-
tion created by Pasture, when he an-
nounced to the world his hydrophobia
cure, has been alone equalled by this
preparation.

This remedy has made extraordinary
cures of all forms of kidney troubles in
most every section of the United States,
sufficient to show that, no matter where
or under what conditions or climate the
sufferer may live, Morrow's Kidneyoids
will effect an entire cure as rapidly as
possible, consistent with the nature of
each case and its special demands.

Morrow's Kidneyoids are for sale in all
stores. If you cannot find them, they
will be sent postpaid by the Herb Medi-
cine Co., Springfield, Ohio, upon receipt
of price—50 cents a box or six boxes for
\$2.50.

At Armstrongs Bros. Syndicate Block
Drug Store.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition
and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little
Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure con-
stipation and all stomach and liver
troubles. H. W. Bell.

Pupils found to have a contagious in-
flammation of the eyes have been exclud-
ed from the Clinton schools, and the dis-
ease has nearly subsided.

Half the ill that man is heir to come
from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bit-
ters strengthens and tones the stomach;
makes indigestion impossible. Sold by
all druggists.

The Clinton Universalists have adopt-
ed the plans of a Galesburg firm for their
\$10,000 church to be built of brick and
stone.

Champaign city council has reconsidered
its former action and voted to put in
three subways instead of two across the
Illinois Central track.

Manuel Winifred Rogers of Fairbury
was found by the coroner's jury accessory
to the death of Earl Hanna, who was shot
by J. E. Ellis and she was placed under
arrest.

Five hundred trading vessels leave the
Thames daily for all parts of the world.

THORNS TO SIT UPON.
Many people gather thorns by failing
to heed the warning sent out by dis-
eased kidneys—coated tongue—parched
skin—feverishness—dull, dragging pain
—general feeling of weariness—are sure
evidence of kidney and bladder trouble.
Take Utah Kidney Beans at once—they
will cure you—they have cured thou-
sands of others. THE THERMOS OF PHIL-
ADELPHIA make Utah Kidney Beans.

R. B. Samuels, County Clerk of Hickman
county, Kentucky, testifies, that he
knows for years with heretofore pain in
the back kidneys and bladder, treated by many
physicians—they gave him no relief—he got so
lame he could hardly stand alone. Utah Kidney
Beans he says, completely cured him. He
gladly recommends them to all sufferers.

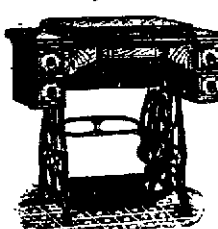
DECATUR AGENTS C. F. SCHILLING
AND N. L. KRON.

Turner's Little Liver Bitters—A very
fine pill. Turns water into a true laxative.
An older and purer.

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PRICE
Only \$23.50.

Sold on 30 Days' Trial
and money refunded if you do not con-
sider it as good as any machine in town
regardless of the price asked.



Sold on the easiest kind of—
EASY PAYMENTS.
Your own terms go with us bargain week.
J. G. STARR & SON,
Lincoln Square.

POWERS' GRAND
OPERA HOUSE.

Two Nights
And Saturday Matinee.
Commencing
FRIDAY EVE., APRIL 15.

The Pioneer of Popular Admissions,
Eunice Goodrich.

The Clever Child Actress,
* POTTLE'S BABY *
And a Capable Company.

The Most Perfect of Picture Machines,
THE VIVRESCOPE

ILLUSTRATED SONGS.
ILLUSION DANCES.

SCALE OF PRICES:
10, 20, and 30 Cents.

OPENING PLAY:
"Just a Plain American Girl."

HOMESEEKERS'
EXCURSIONS

at the low rate of
ONE FARE for the
Round Trip PLUS \$2.00

VIA THE
Illinois Central R. R.

SOUTH
Homesekers' Ex-
cursions to central
points in the south
on the lines of the
Illinois Central and
Yazoo and Missis-
sippi Valley Rail-
roads will be run on the first and third Tues-
days of each month. A THROUGH SLEEPING CAR
will be run to New Orleans and the South on these
dates.

For a copy of the Southern Homesekers'
Guide, describing the agricultural advantages of
the country traversed by the above mentioned
roads, address, at Manchester, Iowa, J. F.
Werry, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For
information in regard to the routes, rates and
Southern Illinois, and to the famous Yazoo and
Mississippi valleys, address at Chicago, E. F.
Skene, Local Commissioner, I. C. R. R.
Apply to any of the following points on the Illinois Central
in South Dakota, Minnesota
and Iowa; also to Waverly
and points north.

Tickets at the above rates on sale only on
dates quoted. For further particulars apply to
your local ticket agent, or address A. H. Han-
son, General Passenger Agent, Illinois Central
Railroad, Chicago.

Final Settlement Notice.
STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss. In the County
of Macon County, Ill.

April Term, 1898.
In the matter of the estate of Jacob E. Harry
deceased.
To whom it may concern: You are hereby
notified that this day died in said court a
final report of my act and doings as the ad-
ministrator of said estate, and that I will on
the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1898, at the hour of
9 a. m., or as soon thereafter as the matter can
be heard, present the same to the court for his
approval and ask the court to discharge me from
further liability in said estate, at which time
you may appear and take such action as
you may deem best.

ANDREW H. MILLER, Administrator.
Decatur, Ill., April 7, 1898. 6dww

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.
MACON COUNTY.
In the Circuit Court of Macon County, Illinois.
Henrietta Rucker, John E. Rucker, Emma E.
Myers, James H. Myers, James E.
Spangler, Alpha Spangler, Lois A.
Camp, Helen Campbell, Florence E. Ba-
ker, and Bak, Complainants vs.
Ann R. Meentemeyer, Conrad H. Meentemeyer,
John Stumpert, Sarah J. Stumpert, James
L. Nesbitt, and the unknown heirs at law,
devisees or legatees of the said James L.
Nesbitt, deceased, and Mary Weisel, defend-
ants—Bill in Partition, No. 16780; May Term,
1898—in Chancery.

And residence of the above
named defendants, Daniel Spangler and James
L. Nesbitt, or if he be deceased, the unknown
heirs at law, legatees or devisees of the said
James L. Nesbitt, deceased, having been filed
in the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of Ma-
con County, Illinois, on the first day of May, A. D. 1898, as by law required.
Now unless you, the said Daniel Spangler and
James L. Nesbitt, or if he be deceased, the un-
known heirs at law, legatees or devisees of the
said James L. Nesbitt, deceased, and Mary Weisel,
do appear in said court on the first day of May, A. D. 1898, and
answer or demur to the said complaint, the same
shall be taken as confessed and a decree entered
in accordance with the prayer of said bill.

Dated this 2nd day of April, A. D. 1898.
J. F. G. Foster, Circuit Clerk.
J. F. G. Foster, Solicitors for Complainants.

In London alone over 10,000 men, women
and children gain their daily bread
by pocket picking.

April 6-8-9

SALE GOES ON.

A line of Brussels Carpet at—
1/2 Usual
Prices.

Body Brussels 65c, Moquette 50c up.
Wall Paper (all grades) 1c up.
These are sample prices only—other big
bargains.

J. W. RACE,
Assignee Abel Carpet Co.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.
In the Circuit Court to the May Term, A. D.
1898.
Richard J. Ellis vs. Mary E. Ellis and Ralph H.
Ellis, partition.
And residence of the non-residence of Mary E. Ellis
and Ralph H. Ellis, the above named defendants
having been filed in the office of the Circuit
Clerk of the Circuit Court of said Macon County,
notice is hereby given to the said Mary E. Ellis
and Ralph H. Ellis, that the above named com-
plainant, has filed his bill of complaint in said
court on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1898, and that a summons
thereupon issue out of said court against the de-
fendants, returnable on the second Monday of
May, A. D. 1898, as is required by law.
Now unless you, the said Mary E. Ellis and
Ralph H. Ellis, and each of you, shall be ap-
pear before the said Circuit Court of Macon
County on the first day of the next term thereof,
to be holden in Decatur, in said County, on the
second Monday of May, A. D. 1898, and plead,
answer or demur to the said complainant's bill
the same and the matters and things therein
charged and stated, shall be taken as confessed
and a decree entered against you according to
the prayer of said bill.
Dated at Decatur, this 3rd day of April, A. D.
1898.
J. F. G. Foster, Circuit Clerk.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Isaac M. Lowe, Deceased.
The undersigned having been appointed ad-
ministrator of the estate of Isaac M. Lowe, late
of the county of Macon and State of Illinois,
deceased, hereby gives notice that he will ap-
pear before the county court of Macon county,
at the court house in Decatur, at the June
term, on the first Monday in June next, at
which time all persons having claims against
said estate are notified and requested to at-
tend for the purpose of having the same adjusted.
All persons indebted to said estate are re-
quested to make immediate payment to the un-
dersigned.
Dated this 6th day of April, 1898.
JAMES B. RECORD, Administrator.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of William P. Gibson, Deceased.
The undersigned acting as adminis-
trator of the estate of William P. Gibson, late
of the county of Macon, and State of Illinois,
deceased, hereby gives notice that he will ap-
pear before the county court of Macon county,
at the court house in Decatur, at the June
term, on the first Monday in June next, at
which time all persons having claims against
said estate are notified and requested to at-
tend for the purpose of having the same adjusted.
All persons indebted to said estate are re-
quested to make immediate payment to the un-
dersigned.
Dated this 6th day of April, 1898.
STANLEY TUCKER, Administrator.

Indiana, Decatur & Western Ry Co

ARRIVE.
No. 1 Pass. 7:25 p. m. No. 4 Pass. 10:45 p. m.
No. 2 Pass. 7:40 a. m. No. 5 Pass. 11:20 a. m.
No. 3 Pass. 10:10 a. m. No. 6 Pass. 1:30 p. m.
No. 7 Pass. 1:45 p. m. No. 8 Pass. 4:00 p. m.
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No. 241 Pass. 6:15 a. m. No. 242 Pass. 8:30 a. m.
No. 243 Pass.

CUTS... Cut Without Waste.

Need of carpeting that our stock is more
excellence, surpassing all previous pro-
portions.

of design, richness and durability of

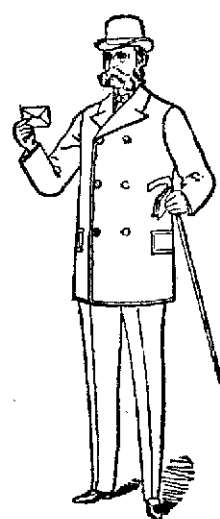
lins,
s, Moquettes,
ets and Tapestries.

ies not found in Decatur, and can not
Coloring or Price.

will repay any purchaser.

Bro's
Decatur, Ill.

THE BATTLE IS ON.



We are prepared to meet
the Springtime demands.

Our Clothing, Furnishings and
Hats are as the STANDARD OF
SPRING '98 dictates modern ideas
—NEW "KINKS"—a touch here
and there—all combine to give the
wearer better satisfaction.

In the face of these improvements we have
not discriminated on the smallest detail to ac-
complish our purpose, which is to

Give more and more--and always
more--for Less Money than elsewhere.

Your ideal SPRING SUIT is here and only
here—to see is to be convinced.

CHEAP CHARLEY,
The Reliable Clothier.

HAVE YOU TRIED

CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEES?

Sold Only at—

"The Economy,"

221 North Water Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Davis—Cabs 25c, Trunks 15c.

Arnold's Bromo-Celery cure head
aches. 10, 25, 50 cts. Bell, the druggist.

Patronize the Cuban booth at the First
M. E. church Thursday and Friday—12-
d4t

Almost every family in the vicinity of
Blue Mound chapel have the measles.
The schools are well nigh broken up.

Geo. W. Ehrhart loans money on
any goods. Collateral, best rates.
mch22-1f

"Shore Acres," the ideal comedy drama
of New England life, will be the attraction
tomorrow night at the Grand.

Accidents come with distressing fre-
quency on the farm. Cuts, bruises,
sprains, Dr. Thomas' Electric
Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never
safe without it. Sold by all druggists.

Garden and Flower Seed, Nasturtium,
Sweet Peas, choice mixed in bulk or
packages. Kentucky Blue Grass all new
and fresh seed. Open evenings. Hughes
& Co., Opera House Block.—mar31-d4f

The only place in Decatur where the
celebrated Reed & Son's piano can be had
is at the C. H. Prescott music house.
Call and see them.

The Latest in Spring Suitings—T. F.
Mulcahy. apr5-d6w

The beautiful American home like play
"Shore Acres" will be the attraction at
the Grand Wednesday night.

At 223 North Main street the largest
stock of fresh bulk Garden Seed; also
the greatest assortment of Flower
Seeds ever brought to Decatur. Sweet
Peas and Nasturtiums in bulk. Durfee
& Culp. feb 9-d4f

Thursday night there will be two can-
didates for the first rank and one for the
third rank at the hall of Conner de Leon
lodge, Knights of Pythias.

Go to Spencer & Lehman's for garden
seeds. They are now in receipt of large
invoices of fresh seeds from the most reli-
able houses in the country.—m1-d6w8w

The ladies of the First Methodist church
are making arrangements to hold an East-
er festival next Thursday evening in the
basement of the church. On Friday din-
ner and supper will be served.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives
sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Nor-
way Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures
big colds too, down to the very verge of
consumption. Sold by all druggists.

Prof. Pitkin, the physical instructor, will
tonight finish his classes in Decatur.
Both he and Mrs. Pitkin have had large
classes. He is yet undecided whether he
will remain in the city longer or whether
he will leave.

The seniors held a meeting at the High
school yesterday afternoon and decided to
have class pictures taken at the Huff gal-
lery and to have class pins of gold, ena-
melled olive and Nile green with "D. H. S.
1898" lettered on the face. Class repre-
sentatives will be selected this week.

Itching piles? Never mind if physi-
cians have failed to cure you. Try
Doan's Ointment. No failure there.
50 cents at any drug store.

Will Return to Litchfield.

The proprietors of the Spencer candi
kitchen have sold the fixtures of the busi-
ness room they occupy on North Water
street and will return in a few days to
Litchfield, where they were formerly lo-
cated.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

MOWEQUA.

Will Spuhls of Nantico called here Fri-
day to see his sister, Mrs. Nellie Pool,
who is not expected to live.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Dick Gregory,
April 4, a daughter.

Albert Adams and Misses Jennie Mc-
Kay, Daisy Armstrong, Lillian Snyder
and Fannie Hudson were in Decatur
Monday night to see Faust.

Mr. Will Morris was in Decatur last
Saturday.

David Cooley was in Nantico the first of
the week.

John Cairns and bride arrived home
this morning and are boarding with Mr.
and Mrs. Jacob Jones.

William Snell of Decatur was in town
Wednesday.

Miss Dell Shelley returned to her home
in Shelbyville Thursday after a two weeks
visit with Mowequa relatives.

Miss Alice Weekly of Decatur spent
Sunday with home folks.

Mrs. Marion Jacob was in Shelbyville
the first of the week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Steve Atterbury
Monday, March 28, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Cosum of Assumption
spent Sunday with Mrs. Rettig.

Mrs. Kate Detrom of Assumption spent
last week here with her daughters, Mrs.
Christy Newman and Mrs. Lizzie Brown.

Dan Keller of Chicago visited over Sun-
day with Mowequa relatives.

Charles Bardsley has gone to Dwight
to try the Kelsey cure.

NEWS OF THE CITY

Various Happenings of the Day Around Decatur.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHED

At Knight's Station—Hugh Housum
Appointed Court Stenographer—
er to Succeed Miss Vail

—Other Items.

A few days ago a new postoffice was es-
tablished in Decatur township. It is lo-
cated at Knight's Station, at the south
end of the St. Louis bridge, which spans
the Sangamon river, two miles southwest
of Decatur. The office is located at the
"Last Chance" store, at the turn on the
way to the grade crossing, and Astbury
Children, the proprietor of the store, is
the postmaster. The office is a great
convenience to a large number of people
residing in that section of the township.

HUGH HOUSUM APPOINTED.

He is the Successor of Polly Vail as
Court Reporter.

Hugh Housum has been appointed by
Judge Vail to serve Macon county as of-
ficial court stenographer and reporter for
the remainder of the January term and
for the May term. He succeeded Polly
Vail, who yesterday married Daniel O.
Miltimore and left for her new home at
Los Angeles, Cal.

Hugh has been performing court re-
porter duty for some weeks and has filled
the position acceptably.

Fancy Bazar and Church Dinner.

The Woman's Business and Social
union of the First M. E. church will hold
a bazar at the church on Thursday even-
ing. There will be fancy booths in
charge of the ladies of the union, with
fancy and useful articles on sale and light
refreshments of ice cream and cake will
be served. On Friday dinner and supper
will be served in the lecture room of the
church. The ladies will introduce a novel
idea in serving a colonial and an English
dinner. The infant Sunday school room
will be arranged for an ice cream parlor
and ice cream, strawberries, cake and
lemonade will be served at noon and
throughout the evening. The proceeds of
the sale will be devoted to the fund of
\$500, which the members of the union
have pledged to give toward the paying
off of the church debt.

At the French booth, tea, light rolls,
croquettes, coffee and bon bone will be
served. Mrs. W. C. Armstrong and Mrs.
S. Young will be in charge.

At the Japanese booth, tea and wafers
will be served. Mrs. N. E. Adams will be
in charge of this booth with several young
ladies as assistants, dressed in Japanese
costume.

The infant Sunday school room will be
turned into a Cuban booth with Mrs.
W. F. Calhoun and Mrs. M. Mason and
assistants in charge. Ice cream, cake,
strawberries and lemonade will be served.

A colonial and English dinner will be
served in the lecture room of the church
on Friday. Instead of the usual church
dinner served at a number of small tables
two long tables will be placed the entire
length of the room. On one will be served
a colonial and on the other an English
dinner. The menu for each table will be
handed to the guests as they arrive and
they can take their choice as to the kind
of dinner wanted. Supper will also be
served.

Easter at Grace M. E. Church.
Easter services at Grace M. E. church
were largely attended. At the morning
service Pastor Gilmore preached an ap-
propriate sermon, in which Christ was
represented as the lily of the valley, the
bright and increasing star, the rose of
Sharon and the prince of life. The de-
corations were elaborate and in good taste.
The music was conducted by Mr. Sher-
man McClelland with Mr. Fred Church,
organist. At 2 o'clock the Sunday school
gave an entertainment appropriate to East-
er, conducted by W. L. Shellbarger, su-
perintendent. At night a song service
was held.

Conductor's Ball.
The ball given last evening by the
members of Henwood division, No. 74,
Order of Railroad conductors, was largely
attended. The grand march began at
9 o'clock and was led by Frank Meredith
and Miss Nellie Crane. The opera house
orchestra furnished music for a long pro-
gram of dances and Grider served refresh-
ments in the dining hall. F. M. Kelso
acted as floor manager and the committee
on arrangements was composed of James
Crawshaw, F. W. Wood, W. J. Harding,
T. L. Beveridge and A. M. Wood.

Courageous and Patriotic.
Globe-Democrats: Every citizen will
realize in reading this message that it has
been framed by an executive who seeks to
hold the country perfectly true to its es-
tablished principles of honor and justice,
and who shrinks from no rightful respon-
sibility. It is a message that means war
unless Spain renounces from its attitude

ag-
inst any intervention. It means war
unless we are allowed to relieve the suffer-
ing Cubans, bring about peace and a far
better government than Cuba has ever
enjoyed, and far better, it may be assum-
ed, than Spain is willing to grant or able
to maintain. The message, if sustained
by congress, insures the rebirth of Cuba
into lasting good government. That it
will be Republican in form is a necessity
of the situation, and will be insisted upon
by the American people, but they do not
ask to be committed to any junta, faction
or fragmentary parts of the Cubans. Pres-
ident McKinley has performed his part
with a most careful study of what is right
with decision, undiminished courage and
patriotic devotion to the best interest of
the country. With a clear conscience and
a firm purpose he submits the issue to
congress, the war-declaring power, and
says, "I await your action."

AT THE GRAND.

THE PLAY TONIGHT.

A picture of darkey life in the good old
times will be presented at the opera house
on Tuesday, April 13, in the production
of Harry Martell's scenic play "The South
Before the War." It is a play full of sug-
gestiveness of familiar plantation scenes.
The play introduces cleverly a
number of scenes that are positively life,
beginning with "Under a Southern Sky,"
which pictures the return of an escaped
slave, including many incidents of ante-
bellum days, dancing of every descrip-
tion, and genuine old darkey melodies.
The company is a very large one, contain-
ing some 50 people, who travel in their
own palace car, and have as one of the
features a pikauniny band of 17 little
colored boys, who head the parade of the
company.

"SHORE ACRES."

James A. Herne means to keep the
public interested in his play "Shore
Acres." For this season's production of
this beautiful comedy-drama he has en-
gaged Messrs. Archie Boyd, Atkins Law-
rence, E. J. Connelly, William H. Burton,
H. P. Whittemore, James Burrows, An-
gustus Wolford, John Fenton and the
Misses Caroline Franklin, Belle Theod-
ore, Madge Claire, Virginia Connolly,
Lillian Claire, Eliza Hudson, and that
clever child actress, Gladys Green. In the
production that "Shore Acres" is to have
at the Grand Wednesday night. Archie
Boyd is to appear as Nathaniel Berry.
There will be entire new scenery and some
new mechanical effects.

A POPULAR FAVORITE.

Enrico Goodrich, well known as one of
the most successful repertoire artists, will
play an engagement at the Grand Opera
house, Friday and Saturday, April 15 and
16. The opening bill will be the latest
comedy "Just a Plain American Girl." Prices
10, 20 and 30 cents. Saturday
matinee school children will be admitted
for 10 cents to any part of the house.

Springfield Presbytery.

The Springfield Presbytery meets today
at Jacksonville and will be in session un-
til Thursday night. The Presbyterian
women's missionary society will meet in
that city at the same time. Among those
who are in attendance from Decatur are:
Rev. W. H. Penhalligon, T. T. Roberts
and Mesdames M. W. Shultz, Alice C.
Wells, S. E. McClelland, Sarah Bal-
drige, H. B. Lewis, Carrie Knapp, M. D.
Pollock and T. T. Roberts.

Arrested Again.

Robert Randall was again arrested yester-
day by Officer Somerville and Deputy
Robert Nicholson on a warrant sworn out
by Mrs. Vincent charging Randall with
enticing away her daughter, Eva. About
a week ago Randall was arrested on the
same charge, but when the case came up
for trial Mrs. Vincent would not pro-
secute. When arrested Randall was at the
home of Joe Taylor, on South Jackson
street and the Vincent girl was also there.

Fellowship Dance.

The members of the Fellowship club
will give a dance at the Guards' armory
on the evening of April 19. The last
dance of the season was given several
weeks ago, but the club have decided to
give one more and make this one the fit-
ting close of the season's festivities. The
full opera house orchestra will play and
an effort will be made to make this dance
the most enjoyable of the season.

Will Attend the Presbytery.

Mrs. T. T. Roberts, Mrs. Silas E. Mc-
Clelland, Mrs. M. D. Pollock, Mrs. H. B.
Lewis, Mrs. R. G. Wells, Mrs. M. W.
Shultz, Mrs. Sarah Baldrige and D. H.
Heltman, accompanied by Rev. W. H.
Penhalligon, as delegates to the Spring-
field Presbytery, which opens at Jack-
sonville today and continues in session
throughout tomorrow and Thursday.

For the Kindergarten Fund.

The arrangements have been completed
for the dance to be given by the young
society ladies of Decatur, under the direc-
tions of Mrs. Albert Barnes at the Elks'
hall, on Friday night. This dance will
be the most elaborate social affair of the
spring season. The proceeds will go to
the fund for the free kindergarten.

Base Ball Club.

The members of the Decatur Wheel-
men's club have organized a base ball
club. The nine will be made up of B. L.
Weaver, Fred Clark, Homer Edwin, Gray
Williams, Erle Wainio, Will Ayre,
Ralph Conkila, Fred Stout and Ned Free-
man.

ROBBED AGAIN

Burglars Make Another Raid on Howes Bros.

ENTERED THROUGH A WINDOW

But Did Not Make a Big Haul—Third
Time That Thieves Have Vis-
ited the Grocery
Store.

The Howes Bros. grocery store, located
at the corner of West Main street and
Oakland avenue seems to be a favorite
place for burglars. Last night thieves
entered the place for the third time since
the Howes Bros. have occupied the place.
They did not get much last night, but
they took all the money they could find.
Nothing was known of the burglary un-
til this morning, when it was found that
someone had broken out the glass in the
window on the west side of the store and
crawled through the opening. There was
\$1.50 or \$2 in pennies in the money draw-
er and this was taken. A few bananas
were also taken, but there did not seem
to be anything else stolen. Whoever was
in the store left by the back door. The
matter was reported to the police but
there was no clue which would lead to
the discovery of the robbers.

This is the third time that Howes Bros.
have been robbed. When they were mov-
ing into the store someone broke in and
took all the money they could find. On
another occasion two masked men held
up the store early in the evening while
two men were in charge and took about
\$13. The store is located in a rather
lonely place and at night it is not a
difficult matter for burglars to enter
it unseen.

List of Patents

Granted to Illinois inventors this week
Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., patent
attorneys, Washington, D. C.:

George R. Boyd, Cairo, cotton head;
Egbert C. Cook, Oak Park, tent fasten-
ing; Newton A. Cruzan, Decatur, show-
ing board; Albert W. Davis, Harvey,
washing machine; William Engelbrecht,
Ash Grove, fly trap; Charles L. Feldwey,
Clay City, heating stove; Albert L. Ide,
Springfield, combined crank shaft and
disk; Edward W. McCready, Oak Park,
bicycle handle bar; Franklin W. Olin,
Alton, weighing apparatus; John Ritch-
ie, Cook county, hydraulic steering me-
chanism for vessels; Eli Sulch, Decatur,
railway bed and tie; Edgar L. Williams,
Peoria, game apparatus. For copy of any
of the above patents send 10 cents in post-
age stamps with date of this paper to C.
A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield, Ill.,
makes the statement, that she caught
cold, which settled on her lungs; she
was treated for a month by her family
physician, but grew worse. He told her
she was a hopeless victim of consump-
tion and that no medicine could cure
her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's
New Discovery for Consumption; she
bought a bottle and to her delight
found herself benefited from first dose.
She continued its use and after six bot-
tles, found herself sound and well; now
does her own housework, and is as well
as she ever was. Trial bottles 10c., of
this Great Discovery at J. E. King's
and C. F. Shilling's Drug Stores. Large
bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

Dr. Hobbs' Successor.

Rev. G. W. Flagg, who takes Dr. Hobbs'
place in Jacksonville Cemetery Church,
joined the Illinois conference in 1887. He
is 33 years old and has preached at Kin-
derhook, Time, Bluff Springs, Lynnville
and Perry.

Notice to Grocers.

A special meeting of grocers will be
held Wednesday evening, April 13, at 144
East Main street. A full representation
from each ward is requested, as there is
business of importance on hand. Be sure
and come.

Transfer of Property.

Lot 1067 East Eldorado street, was yester-
day transferred from Laura B. Clark to
William H. Adams. Consideration \$220.

Pipes Put In.

The water pipes are being laid on East
Herkimer street preparatory to the paving
of the street.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
Awarded
Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, 1893

Column

E TABLES.

Nov. 15, 1897.

h Line

FROM CHICAGO.

10:30 a.m. \$3.50 a.m.

11:30 a.m. \$3.50 a.m.

12:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

1:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

2:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

3:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

4:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

5:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

6:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

7:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

8:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

9:30 p.m. \$3.50 a.m.

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Why Pay More or Less
For a Bicycle when
you can get

A "DECATUR"
For
\$40.00

We want you to examine them because we consider them
the best to be had for the money. They are LIGHT, GRACE-
FUL and BEAUTIFUL, but best of all, STRONG, SAFE
and SERVICEABLE. They have stood—and been ridden
—where others have fallen.

STATESMEN ON THE MESSAGE

How President McKinley's Position is Regarded in Washington.

Washington, April 12.—A number of senators and congressmen seen last night took occasion to give their expressions as to the president's message on Cuba.

Senator Cullom commended the message as a strong paper, which would have great influence in shaping affairs.

Teller declined to discuss the message specifically. He said he had intended to introduce a resolution asking the president to immediately intervene to terminate hostilities in Cuba.

Representative Henderson, Republican, of Iowa—"The message shows that the people made no mistake in electing McKinley president. He never for an instant has taken his eyes from the interests of the country and humanity. We should stand up and sustain the president and give him the power he asks."

Dolliver, Republican, of Iowa—"I consider it a strong and patriotic utterance, fully covering the whole question and justifying the confidence that the people of the United States everywhere have in the executive. Congressional action should be in accordance with his recommendations."

Hull, of Iowa—"I think it a very strong statement of the situation. The president now places responsibility upon congress and congress will proceed to discharge its duty. I believe in harmony with the president."

Berry, Democrat, of Kentucky, member of the foreign affairs committee—"There should be a recognition of the Cuban government and armed intervention to prevent further sacrifices of innocent lives. The message will not satisfy the intelligence of the country. The disappointment of his party is apparent on every hand."

Sayers, of Texas, ranking Democratic member of the house appropriations committee—"The message is disappointing in its conclusions. Congress, in my opinion, should not give him unlimited power for neutral intervention and appropriate money to feed the starving Cubans, not knowing whether the intervention is to result in Cuban independence or in the retention of Spanish sovereignty."

Catchings, of Mississippi—"The message, in my opinion, means war."

Johnson, Republican, of Indiana—"It is evident the president still hopes to avoid war. In my opinion congress should confer upon him the power asked for."

Thomas M. Jett, Democrat, of Illinois—"The message is a great disappointment to all parties. It does not demand of Spain as much as she has granted in the last 48 hours."

Hartman, silver, of Montana—"Having succeeded by masterly inactivity in doing nothing to help the situation but much to complicate it, the president now bravely surrenders the whole question to congress, with no recommended action."

Dingley, of Maine, declined to discuss the message further than to say he considered it an able presentation of the case.

Cannon, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on appropriations—"It is a strong and well delivered paper. Responsibility is now with congress."

Grosvener, of Ohio—"The advice that we shall intervene with arms is plainly stated and to me is wholly satisfactory."

Senator Pettigrew—"It is the weakest yet. It sums up the situation by saying we must recognize neither belligerency nor independence, but must intervene to stop the war. Spain already has accomplished this result by granting a cessation of hostilities, thus leaving nothing for us to do but continue to make appropriations to feed the Cuban people."

Senator Allison would only say—"It is a very good message."

Richmond, Democrat, of Tennessee—"The message will be disappointing to the country and will not take a place in history like those of Jackson, from whom he quotes so liberally."

Cummins, Democrat, of New York—"It invites the American eagle to leave the country and give place to a buzzard."

Simpson, Populist, of Kansas—"The message is a reflection of the man, weak and vacillating. It will go down to history as one that puts this great republic in the most humiliating attitude, that of having lost all our manhood and love of liberty."

Key West, Fla., April 12.—The squadron here is waiting orders. Since the synopsis of the president's message was received there has been more inquiry about the means of transporting troops to the seaboard and thence to Cuban ports than regarding naval movements.

The blockade, if one is attempted, is not expected to be of long duration, and the understanding is that an army should follow immediately in the wake of the navy. So the ships await the action of congress and other steps leading up to a military occupation, which they expect to come this week. Officers of the fleet believe they will be moving within a few days.

letice proclamation will have any effect on the situation in the island. It will enable insurgents to occupy a larger area of territory, and will be used as an excuse for withdrawing troops from the country and bringing them into Havana. When I left Havana troops in the immediate neighborhood numbered between 8000 and 10,000. By the end of this week their number will be doubled. They will be reinforced by 10,000 volunteers. The point of this is that when the navy has once made a breach a considerable force of regular American troops will be needed to follow up the advantage and occupy it, which may be defended stubbornly. The Spanish authorities when forced to yield are likely to leave all the elements of anarchy, while the insurgents may be disappointed if independence is not recognized. This will not affect their activity in harassing the Spanish forces, particularly if they can secure arms and ammunition. They have been preparing for armed intervention by the United States. It is probable that public feeling will be further intensified when Consul General Lee and Consul Barker reach Washington. They are able to give very accurate reports of conditions in Cuba today. In the opinion of both officials starvation is still the leading issue, and the feeding of the reconcentrados the pressing duty of the United States.

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LEE IN VIRGINIA.

On His Way to Washington—He is Ready for Immediate Action.

Emporia, Va., April 12.—General Lee's special train arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning. He said: "I feel like a different man. If I only had a good crowd behind me, I could turn back for Havana."

AT RICHMOND.
Richmond, Va., April 12.—General Lee arrived at 11 o'clock and stopped 10 minutes. Ten thousand people surrounded the station, including the governor and staff and light infantry Blues. The governor welcomed General Lee, who said: "The time for talk is over; the time for action has arrived." There was the greatest enthusiasm.

Tranquil and Serene—Wants to Talk Some More.
Madrid, April 12.—Complete tranquillity prevails. The Liberal says of the message as to the claim of interference by the United States in Cuba: "Spain must protest vigorously against the principle prior to protesting violently against the action."

ON TO HAVANA.
Jacksonville, Fla., April 12.—The Cuban junta here has received a very important letter from General Gomez via Key West. While its contents have not been guarded very carefully and the main portion sent on to the New York junta's office, it is ascertained that it brings news that Gomez is preparing to co-operate with the United States forces in case of war in an attack upon Havana. Calisto Garcia has passed the troops, and he and General Gomez, with 18,000 troops, are now marching westward toward Havana. The insurgents are recruiting in all sections, and from good authority it is ascertained that General Gomez promised to have 25,000 to 30,000 troops behind Havana to aid in taking it. The letter added that the Spanish officers there were greatly worried over the news of Gomez's approach and that troops had been called into Havana and that much work was being done in throwing up new earthworks in the rear of the city and otherwise strengthening the forts in that section.

BRYAN CRITICISES BAILEY.
Disapproves Democratic Congressional Leader's Attitude.
Pittsburg, April 12.—William Jennings Bryan was in the city yesterday in conference with Pennsylvania democrats. Mr. Bryan is interested in key stone state politics inasmuch as he expects this state to furnish his running mate in 1900 in the person of ex-Congressman Joseph Sibley. Messrs. Bryan and Sibley will have a conference later in the week.

CUBANS KILLED.
Spanish Troops Charge a Camp and Slash Fifty to Death.
Key West, Fla., April 12.—News has reached Havana of the massacre of 50 reconcentrados at Escambrá.

Permission was given the reconcentrados in Santa Clara last Wednesday to return to their devastated homes. They issued from the city and camped at Escambrá, erecting palm huts. Trusting the Spaniards, they began anew the struggle for existence.

To escape starvation the fugitives killed several head of cattle out of a drove of hundreds which the Spaniards have never been able to take to the towns, so closely are they guarded by the insurgents. This was made the pretext for a massacre.

Thursday night a troop of Spaniards dashed into the camp, rode down the fleeing men and women and slashed them to death. A few escaped into the woods, but 50 were killed and many more wounded.

The reconcentrados are now without hope. They believe that the Spaniards' promises were but a plot to inveigle them into the fields so that they might be slaughtered.

FINED FOR LARCENY.
Stock and Brumasius Ozyrnowski were in the county court before Judge Hamner today to answer the charge of petit larceny. They were each fined \$1 and costs and sentenced to the county jail for one hour, the fine and costs to stand committed until paid. The committe and sentence was suspended during good behavior.

FOR COMMENCEMENT.
The faculty of the High school met this afternoon and elected Miss Charlotte Nelson valedictorian of the class of '98. The class is now holding a meeting for the selection of the rest of the participants on the class program.

VILLAGE WITH A HISTORY.
The Prominent Part Fountain City, Ind., Played in Abolishing Slavery.
Nine miles north of Richmond there stands the unpretentious village of Fountain City, with its population of 400 or 500 people, most of whom are Quakers or direct descendants of Quakers.

In these days Fountain City is scarcely ever heard of outside the borders of Wayne county; but a half century or more ago, when the anti-slavery movement was sweeping through the north, the little settlement was known the country over. The town has a history unlike any other city or town in Indiana. It was the central station of what was known as the "Underground railway," and the house still stands that sheltered hundreds of fugitive slaves who were en route to Canada. Fountain City was originally called Newport, and it was laid out by Quakers about 1829.

This religious sect began the anti-slavery work in Indiana, and the Newport settlement was the first to bring about means to assist in carrying on the underground railway. Anti-slavery work was carried on in secret for several years, but finally the Quakers became bold, and the subject was discussed in the churches and in public meetings.

As early as 1830 there were two newspapers published in Newport, both advocating the abolition movement, and they had considerable strength. Levi Coffin, president of the Underground railway and one of the greatest abolitionists of his time, was one of the residents of the town. His fame spread far and wide, and his deeds are a portion of the slavery history of America.

Early in life he became convinced of the sinfulness of slavery, and this conviction grew with every year of his life. In 1826 the fugitive slaves began to arrive at the home of Levi Coffin, which then and now stands upon the main street of the village. Benjamin Stratton, Dr. Henry Way, Benjamin Thomas, Samuel Charles and other prominent Friends became identified with the work, and not a day passed in which slaves were not brought into the town given food and shelter and assisted on their journey toward the north.

The burden of the expense was borne chiefly by Levi Coffin, who fortunately was wealthy. Three lines of the "railroad" converged in the town—one from Cincinnati, one from Madison and the other from Jeffersonville. For 20 years this work went on, and in 1847 Levi Coffin went to Cincinnati and there continued the work of assisting the fugitive slaves. In 1864 he went to England as agent for the Western Freedmen's Aid society and aroused the greatest interest in the work and succeeded in getting from prominent men of that country substantial contributions. In 1875 he published a volume of 700 pages relative to the anti-slavery work carried on by him and his associates. He died at Avondale, near Cincinnati, in 1877.

Newport, or Fountain City, is still much as it used to be in appearance. Its people are quiet and law-abiding and noted for their extreme hospitality. Many of the historic landmarks stand as they did 60 years ago, and the home of Levi Coffin will never be torn away.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

Pupils found to have a contagious inflammation of the eyes have been excluded from the Clinton schools, and the disease has nearly subsided.

WE'RE CROWDED

Neckwear—anything. Styles and prices will interest you even if you think you don't want to buy.

HOW TO DRESS BOYS
used to be a hard question. It is so no longer. We've solved it. Come and see the new materials, fine workmanship, low prices and you will say so too.

\$5 will get a Vestee Suit that is a beauty, made of all wool covert cloth, trimmed in green broadcloth, interlaced braid on corners of the big sailor collar, double rows of pearl buttons on vest and coat, pearl chain, braid on front of coat and around collar, vestee embroidered with silk anchor.

\$4.75 gets a handsome tan and brown plaid Velour Cassimere, trimmed with wide brown Soutache braid, narrow tan braid between, on corners of collar interlaced braid, vest with two pockets, big pearl buttons. Exquisite tailoring.

\$4.50 gets another handsome dark bottle green serge, trimmed with narrow black silk braid, upper part of vestee red broadcloth, pearl buttons, decidedly dressy and well worth more money.

These Are Only Samples.
VESTEE SUITS, ages 3 to 8, all wool, from— \$2.40 up
JUNIOR SUITS, ages 3 to 7, from— \$1.50 up
KNEE PANTS SUITS, ages 9 to 15, from— \$2.00 up

100 Dozen Club Ties, with bands and bows, in the new colors; neat, elegant effects are offered at 25c.

With new things all for Men and Boys.
We have been busy for a month unpacking and arranging. Now we are ready to show you all that is new in the way of Suits, Hats, Neckwear—anything. Styles and prices will interest you even if you think you don't want to buy.

Hats...
\$3.50 for the Best
We have the swellest New Hats in town. The most particular and most stylish dressers say so and buy them. In our Longley and Enquirer Hats we are offering a \$5.00 hat for \$3.50 and \$3. Those are our top prices, but the hats are worth \$5.00. They equal in style, finish, fit and wearing quality any hat made.

Fresh Neckwear
In an immense assortment is now in our show cases. Prices are no higher. Some things are lower. Everything that is new and swell will be shown by us.

Wide Apron Tecks, Long Narrow Tecks, that can hardly be distinguished from tied ties, are offered in all the new shades. There are exquisite bleedings. These are 50 cents.

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These Are Only Samples.
VESTEE SUITS, ages 3 to 8, all wool, from— \$2.40 up
JUNIOR SUITS, ages 3 to 7, from— \$1.50 up
KNEE PANTS SUITS, ages 9 to 15, from— \$2.00 up

100 Dozen Club Ties, with bands and bows, in the new colors; neat, elegant effects are offered at 25c.

With new things all for Men and Boys.
We have been busy for a month unpacking and arranging. Now we are ready to show you all that is new in the way of Suits, Hats, Neckwear—anything. Styles and prices will interest you even if you think you don't want to buy.

Hats...
\$3.50 for the Best
We have the swellest New Hats in town. The most particular and most stylish dressers say so and buy them. In our Longley and Enquirer Hats we are offering a \$5.00 hat for \$3.50 and \$3. Those are our top prices, but the hats are worth \$5.00. They equal in style, finish, fit and wearing quality any hat made.

Fresh Neckwear
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HE SAW THE PARADE.

The Dentist Couldn't Convince This Crazy Man That Gas Would Put Him Out.

"I had a queer fellow in the chair the other day," said the dentist, as he fitted a new drilling head into his satanic instrument of torture. "A man came in to have a tooth out—one of those great, big, pompous, egotistical fellows, who looked as though he owned the whole city water front at the very least. I told him that he would be better off to take gas because the tooth was a bad one, badly ulcerated. Well, then he said, 'You should have seen him!' He looked at me with a kind of pitying smile. 'Gas,' he said, 'gas! Humph! Why, a good man, gas wouldn't have any effect on me. It may work with some people, but not with me. Too much gas, I'm afraid—altogether too much gas, I'm afraid—and he actually tipped me forward with his finger as though he feared the whole of the Astor Library, with the Lenox and the Tilden foundations, to boot."

"The old chap was so comfoundedly agreeable with all his concert that I made up my mind I would leave to him to do a peg."

"Look here," I said. "You let me give you gas, and if you don't become entranced, unconscious, so that you don't feel the pulling of your tooth, I'll not charge you a cent."

He snuffed and pooh-poohed, but I persisted, and after awhile he said: "All right; go ahead if it will be any satisfaction to you. But I tell you in advance that it will not have the slightest effect. Altogether too much gas, I'm afraid to get the rubber cup over his face and cut him short."

He went off with his eyes wide open and was a thousand miles away in a few seconds. I took his tooth out and then stood back and waited for him to come around."

The dentist's office overlooks one of the avenues, and the patient in the chair can see whatever happens in the street below.

"After about a minute," continued the doctor, "the intelligence began to dawn faintly in his eyes, and then it came back with a pop, and he sat up and looked at me triumphantly. 'I suppose you imagine,' he said, 'that I was under the influence of that gas of yours.' I confessed that I had a suspicion to that effect. 'Well,' said he, 'you were never more mistaken in your life. I'm not a fool.' Humph! Just let me tell you that I saw the procession. I saw the animals in their cages. Why, I could even tell you what was on their banners. In a moment I think not."

"And would you believe it, although the gum was bleeding and I showed him the tooth in the forceps, it was some time before I could convince him that I had pulled his tooth while he was in a trance about the circus parade. 'No, wasn't it?'—N. Y. Sun

HE WAS QUITE DONE.
Napoleon Denied That He Was Eating the Blackberry Jam.

"Nappy—oh, Nappy?"
It was the voice of Mrs. B.—calling to her son, and there was no answer.

"Oh, Nappy! Nappy—come out!"
The olive trees on the sides of the mountain looked down upon the quiet old town of Ajaccio just as the breeze which wafted the echoes out over the waters of the blue Mediterranean.

"Who of us has not heard a mother's voice calling to her child?"
And who has ever forgotten the wonderful crescendo of a woman's voice on such an occasion?

Again she called, and in it and far off, as if hidden in some cave of the hills, came the long-drawn-out response:

"Mama—ah!"
"What are you doing there, you naughty boy?"
"Nothing!"

"Yes, you are, too. You're in that closet eating my blackberry jam!"
"Oh, I ain't neither—"

The boy came out of the preserve closet wiping his mouth with his coat sleeve.

"I ain't neither," he repeated, and then let his voice fall away until it were as if the angels whispered: "I've done it!"

Thus do we see in this simple anecdote from the early life of Napoleon Bonaparte how truly the tree will grow as the twig is inclined.—Life.

PERFECT ECONOMY.
His excellency Mirza Mahomed Khan, the shah's ambassador at Constantinople, holds his distinguished position upon conditions which are quite without precedent in the diplomatic world. The lord of the lion and the sun does not devote a penny of his revenue to maintaining a representative at St. Paul. He has in that city about 15,000 subjects, and these are distributed for the purpose. Mirza Mahomed has no reason to complain of the arrangement, for by the help of half a dozen able-bodied collectors he secures an income of about £20,000. True, he is compelled to hand over £1,000 yearly to his colleague at Vienna, but the balance enables him to live very comfortably. The contributors, however, insist upon his spending a certain amount on hospitality, and whenever he gives a dinner party, as he did recently, to the corps diplomatique, a committee of taxpayers is posted in an ante room, whence they can satisfy themselves that their ambassador does the thing in proper style, and keeps up the dignity of the nation.—London Chronicle.

A Chance for All.
Mrs. Gahl: Are you going to have your darter take music lessons?
Mrs. Gahl: No, I guess not. She hasn't ear for music.
"Well, I wouldn't be discouraged at that; maybe she might learn to play classic anyhow"—N. Y. Waiver

ATTENTION!
WABASH.
Ventilated Congress Shoes
For Gentlemen.
Also Lace Shoes in Tan and Black
of the celebrated Beamis Patent.
Recommended by leading medical journals.
POWERS, Sole Agent.

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DRESS BOYS

question. It is so no
need it. Come and see
a fine workmanship,
I will say so too.

Vestee Suit that is a
de of all wool covert
green broadcloth, in-
corners of the big
rows of pearl but-
coat, pearl chain, braid
and around collar,
with silk anchor.

handsome tan and
died velvet Cassinere,
the brown Soutache
braided between, on cor-
sided braid, vest with
pearl buttons. Exquis-

other handsome dark
serge, trimmed
silk braid, upper part
cloth, pearl buttons,
and swell and worth

Only Samples.

ages \$2.40 up
ages \$1.50 up

SUITS, \$2.00 up

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with his finger as though
he was the Astor library,
the house and the Tilden founda-
tion.'

"The chap was so confoundedly
sure of his mind I would have to
give him a page.
"I said: 'You let me give
you a little gas if you don't become entire-
ly unconscious, so that you don't feel
the gas of your tooth, I'll not
be a cent.'

"He said: 'I don't pooh-poohed; but I
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BEHIND CHINA'S THRONE.

The Emperor Is a Mere Nonentity,
the Dowager Empress Being the
Controlling Power.

There is a young man in Peking who
would be trembling now in his skin if
he were only able to realize properly
the danger that is threatened to him and
his empire. He is the Emperor Kuang
Hsu, euphemistically known as the son
of Heaven and brother of the sun. He
is the most secluded monarch on earth.
When he appears in public, which is
rarely, matting is hung up in front of
all the houses and strips of cloth are
stretched across the alleys and side
streets through which the imperial
procession must pass. He is invariably
accompanied by a vast retinue of sol-
diers and an army of courtiers, and the
man who peeps around the corner or
has his eyes fastened to a hole in the
matting is liable to be blinded by a bul-
let or an arrow. When he is at home
he is carefully hidden away in the cen-
ter of a big Tartar city (which is in the
center of the Chinese city) at Peking,
and you have to go through three sets
of walls—simply an impossible task for
a European visitor—before you ap-
proach the building in which he is kept
guarded by eunuchs.

Though he is generally credited with
the possession of an ugly temper, which
incites him to smash the bric-a-brac
of his apartments when he cannot have
his own way, his efforts at ruling go no
further than doing what he is told to do.
He is kept in order—ancient worship
being a strong point in the celestial
moral code—by the old empress dow-
ager, who practically runs the state
show, and who is influenced sometimes
by whims, working through a thin
heaven of diluted statesmanlike feeling,
and sometimes by that backstairs pal-
ace intrigue which works through the
favorable medium of her favorite
eunuch, Pitsian-li. Kuang Hsu—which
means the illustrious succession—has
been under the old lady's thumb since
he was four years of age, when he was
chosen to succeed Tung-chi. She su-
pervised his education. She picked out
his wife for him, and she makes the la-
dies of his harem skip to-day if they
don't walk chalk in her presence. Of
course, she took her own friends when
she selected his wives, and she has him
so hemmed about with her officials and
girls that if he had a will of his own he
wouldn't know how to use it. The em-
press dowager, who has bossed the
tsung-hyamen for a generation, is now
63 years old. She was the secondary
wife of the emperor Hsien Fung. She
was at the head of the empire during a
greater part of the Taiping rebellion.
She managed its affairs during its war
with France, and she has had more than
one taste of Russian diplomacy. She
is said to have a mind of her own, and
all of the Chinese respect and fear her.
She is a stickler as to form, and insists
that all business shall be done through
the young emperor, though she really
directs what he is to do. She is even
more secluded than the emperor, and
when she receives her officials and the
cabinet ministers her practice is to sit
behind a screen while they talk at her
through it—unless she has something
strong to say to them.

The emperor is 27, lean, undersized
and unhealthy. His features are Tartar
as contradistinguished from Chinese;
the reigning family being (as
everyone should know, but probably
does not) Tartar. He does all his busi-
ness at night and he sleeps in the day-
time. He begins his work about two in
the morning after a midnight breakfast,
when he receives his cabinet ministers,
who, on being ushered into his pres-
ence, go down on their knees and per-
form the seven-faced "Ko-tou"—that is,
bump their heads again and again on
the floor. They also remain on their
knees while before him. Everything
about and connected with Kuang Hsu
is regulated by law, even to his meals.
According to the old Chinese books
there must be placed before him daily
50 pounds of meat in a basin and seven
pounds boiled into soup. He has a
daily allowance of about a pound of
hog's fat and butter, and he has the
right to order two sheep, two fowls and
two ducks, while his drink for the day
is restricted to the milk of 50 cows and
the steeping of 75 parcels of tea. It is
probable that his real diet is different,
but these are the regulation provisions,
and if he desires anything that is not
on the menu the board having charge of
the imperial table has to be consulted.
It is more than doubtful whether his
majesty realizes his exalted situation
and his power. He has been hemmed
in and fooled all his life. He knows
nothing of modern civilization, and, in
spite of the recent war, next to noth-
ing of modern warfare. He has never
reviewed, and is not capable of review-
ing, his army, and his common amuse-
ment is to shoot with a bow and arrow.
If he ever had in him the makings of a
character they must have been ruined
long since by his mode of life and his
surroundings.—Westminster Review.

Italy's Impoverished Army.
The necessity of calling out the men
who were released from service with
the colors last year draws attention
once more to the state of the Italian
army. There are 12 army corps, and so
limited are the financial resources of the
country that after the staff and the
officers have been provided for there
is little left for the rank and file.
The sad consequence is that, notwith-
standing the scores of millions Italy
has spent on her army in the past, and
the \$10,000,000 she is still spending an-
nually, it is insufficient to insure the
security of the country. More men have
to be called under arms, because the
companies of every regiment are much
below their normal strength.—Rome
Cor. Pall Mall Gazette.

An Awful Operation.
Dusty Rhodes—Say, Willie how do
you get it at gold up in Klondike?
"Weary Willie—By washin'.
"Hully chee! Count me out!"—Up to
Date.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

President McKinley has consented to
deliver the address at the semi-centen-
nial of Iowa college, at Grinnell, Ia., in
June.

The London Times, in its annual state-
ment, says the drink bill of the United
Kingdom is nearly \$17,500,000 in excess
of that in 1896, averaging about \$19.12
for each man, woman and child.

The mission to night cabmen of Lon-
don (in connection with the London
city mission) has completed its thirty-
seventh year. Two missionaries visit
cabmen by night, and four are day
missionaries.

A very able crusade against the per-
nicious cigarette habit in the public
schools of Chicago is being conducted
by Lucy Page Gaston, of Harvey, Ill.
The Christian Citizen, edited by Miss
Gaston, is issuing a valuable leaflet en-
titled "The Cigarette Must Go."

The Georgia legislature has passed a
bill for the establishment of a textile
school as a branch of the State school
of technology in Atlanta. The sum of
\$10,000 is appropriated for the purpose,
on condition that a like sum be raised.
The school will be the first of its kind
in the south.

Rev. Daniel Sage Mackay, D. D., now
pastor of the North Reformed church
of Newark, N. J., has been unanim-
ously called by a Congregational meeting
to the pastorate of the Fourth Presby-
terian church of Chicago, to succeed
Rev. Thomas C. Hall, the former pastor
of this church, who was prevented from
continuing the work by his severe ill-
ness in January, 1897.

OVERTURNS AN OLD BELIEF.

A Chicago Canine Is a Living Proof
That Bird Dogs Can Be
Taught to Do Tricks.

It has long been a well established be-
lief among both hunting men and dog
trainers that "bird dogs"—pointers and
setters—could not be trained to any
thing outside of the hunting field. Men
who make a practice of educating dogs
for the stage have always chosen
poodles, wire-haired terriers, and grey-
hounds, leaving pointers and setters to
follow the pursuits for which nature
and the demands of sportsmen seemed
best to fit them.

Charles H. Campbell, a Chicago man
comes forward with the assertion that
this popular belief is absolutely wrong
and that the bird dog, particularly the
pointer, is more intelligent, more teach-
able and blessed with a far larger learn-
ing capacity than any of the various
breeds of dogs long used for tricks and
stage exhibitions.

In proof of his statement Mr. Camp-
bell offers a pointer pup—the blooded
dog, "Chicago," 17 months of age—and
states that the pointer will do anything
any other dog can do and a whole lot
of things that other dogs can't even under-
take. And the pointer is there to bear
him out in his assertion.

Among the things "Chicago" can do is
to stand on her head, a feat which her
owner claims has never been achieved
by any other dog, and is, perhaps, im-
possible to any dog lacking the flat
conformation of skull peculiar to the
pointed. "Chicago" can also march
around a room on her forefeet, her hind
legs high in air. She can stand on her
hind legs on one chair, spring high up
tether entirely over, and land on her
forefeet on another chair without up-
setting. She can walk up a ladder on
her hind feet as neatly as a man, and
she can wait in an upright position for
ten minutes without stopping.

One of her most remarkable feats is
to articulate the words "Mamma" and
"Papa"—a series of sharp barks so in-
tonated that the two words can be
clearly distinguished. She also per-
forms all the tricks usually taught
stage dogs, such as saying prayers
playing "lame dog," and so on through
the entire category.

Mr. Campbell says that the dog was
taught with comparative ease, and de-
clares that the pointer breed is as far
superior to any other kind of dog in
intelligence as day is ahead of a cloudy
evening.—Chicago Tribune.

An Electrical Water Forge.
Great as are the possibilities of elec-
tricity their full scope is probably only
feebly comprehended. One of the latest
devices is a water forge. The de-
tails are as yet the secret of the in-
ventor, but in effect the method is as
follows: A tank shaped somewhat like
an iron sink is filled with water, which
is highly charged with electricity. The
piece of iron to be manipulated is held
by a pair of pinches which are at-
tached to an electric wire. When all
is ready the iron is dipped into the
water, of course causing the positive
and negative poles to come in contact.
It takes from ten to sixty seconds for
the iron to become hot enough to be
bent or worked as required. An in-
teresting and important fact is that the
heat manifests itself only upon that
portion of the iron that is covered by
the water, thus rendering it much
more controllable than forges of the
ordinary pattern. If one inch is under
water, only one inch will be red, and
so on with any submerged length.—
N. Y. Ledger.

Progress of Japan's Haasen.
A newspaper printed in the interest
of workmen has been established in
Japan. It aims to advance the rate of
wages and advocates as a means to that
end the establishment of labor unions.
The danger apprehended by other man
facturing nations that cheap labor in
Japan would give the producers an over-
whelming advantage is not likely to
prove seriously menacing. As new de-
mand shall be created for labor in
Japan wages will commensurately ad-
vance. The indications are that that
swiftly progressive nation is making
an advance along the lines of civiliza-
tion which involves the whole body of
the people. There is a general lifting
up of the mass, which is one of the most
remarkable occurrences of the present
century.—Philadelphia Record.

Letter List.

Following is the list of unclaimed let-
ters remaining in the Auditor, Ill., post-
office for the week ending April 12,
1898. When called for please say adver-
tised:

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.
Alva, J. V. Harper, Marion.
Barnhart, George Hollinger, Sam.
Barton, Ed. Horne, H. H.
Brar, F. S. Jacob, G. W. (2)
Bennett, J. M. Jones, R. H.
Brown, E. J. Lewis, W. E.
Calley, E. J. (2) Love, Ernest.
Carlin, L. E. Love, E. J.
Casswell, R. E. Matthews, Sylvester
Cotel, Aden. Miner, Grant
Cox, Chas. Porter, J. G.
Egbert, E. B. Sheldon, S. W.
Farmer, W. J. Sweet, O.
Garver, Lewis, J. Treeshor, Otto
Gesselt, H. D. Wilcox, J. T.
Griffin, D. J. Wilson, Thornton
Groves, Marion Wilson, Oscar
Hammer, S. G. Wills, H. M.

LADIES' LIST.
Avery, Miss Pugh, Martha
Beltz, Lulu Robinson, Mary
Dunford, Mrs. Chas. Weddle, Minnie
Gill, Mahola Weld, Mrs. M. (10)
Kenyon, Mrs. C. M. Wilson, Anna

FIRMS.
Sitz, J. R. & Co. Decatur View.
Willbright & Howard.
FOREIGN.
Burke Alice Co. Entwistle Mrs.
W. F. CALHOUN, P. M.

MARKETS.

FURNISHED BY B. Z. TAYLOR.
CHICAGO, Ill., April 12.

COTTON, DLI, April 12.					
	Open- ing	High- est	Low- est	Clos- ing	Yes- terday
Wheat- April	1.06	107	106	107	106
May	83 1/2	85 1/2	83 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
July	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2
Sept.	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2
Nov.	23 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2
Dec.	22 1/2	23 1/2	22 1/2	23 1/2	22 1/2
Jan.	21 1/2	22 1/2	21 1/2	22 1/2	21 1/2
Feb.	20 1/2	21 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2	20 1/2
March	19 1/2	20 1/2	19 1/2	20 1/2	19 1/2
April	18 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2
May	17 1/2	18 1/2	17 1/2	18 1/2	17 1/2
June	16 1/2	17 1/2	16 1/2	17 1/2	16 1/2
July	15 1/2	16 1/2	15 1/2	16 1/2	15 1/2
Aug.	14 1/2	15 1/2	14 1/2	15 1/2	14 1/2
Sept.	13 1/2	14 1/2	13 1/2	14 1/2	13 1/2
Oct.	12 1/2	13 1/2	12 1/2	13 1/2	12 1/2
Nov.	11 1/2	12 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	11 1/2
Dec.	10 1/2	11 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2	10 1/2
Jan.	9 1/2	10 1/2	9 1/2	10 1/2	9 1/2
Feb.	8 1/2	9 1/2	8 1/2	9 1/2	8 1/2
March	7 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2
April	6 1/2	7 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	6 1/2
May	5 1/2	6 1/2	5 1/2	6 1/2	5 1/2
June	4 1/2	5 1/2	4 1/2	5 1/2	4 1/2
July	3 1/2	4 1/2	3 1/2	4 1/2	3 1/2
Aug.	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2
Sept.	1 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2
Oct.	1/2	1 1/2	1/2	1 1/2	1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
July	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Aug.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Sept.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Oct.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Nov.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Dec.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Jan.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
Feb.	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
March	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
April	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
May	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2
June	0 1/2	1 1/2	0 1/2		

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